

100 ARKANSANS PROJECT: FOR EVERY 100 SENIORS

AGE 65 OR OLDER

HEALTH STATUS²

32 report fair or poor health
68 report good or better health



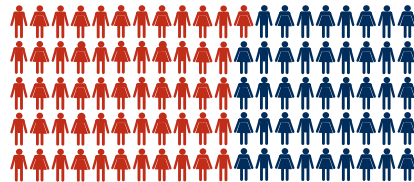
MARITAL STATUS²

48 are married or partnered
13 are divorced or separated
36 are widowed
3 have never married



GENDER¹

56 are female
44 are male



POVERTY¹

11 live in poverty
89 do not



RACE¹

87 are white
10 are African American
3 are another race



EDUCATION²

28 have completed college or higher
24 have completed some post-high school
36 have completed high school or GED
12 have not completed high school



ETHNICITY¹

2 are Hispanic or Latino
98 are not



FOOD INSECURITY³

20 are food insecure
80 are not



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TOBACCO USE²

10 smoke
90 do not



HEALTH COVERAGE¹

1 has private coverage
41 have public coverage
57 have private and public coverage
1 is uninsured



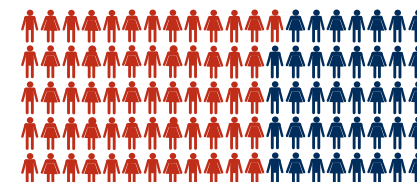
OBESITY²

63 are obese or overweight
37 are not



DENTAL VISIT²

61 had a dental visit
in the past year
39 did not



EXERCISE²

60 exercised in the
past month
40 did not



ASTHMA²

9 have asthma
91 do not



VEGETABLE CONSUMPTION²

25 consume vegetables
more than once a day
75 do not



CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE²

15 have angina or coronary
heart disease
85 do not



1. U.S. Census Bureau. 2016 American community survey 1-year estimates [Data query]. Retrieved from <https://factfinder.census.gov>

2. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Division of Population Health. (2015). BRFSS prevalence & trends data [online]. Retrieved from <https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/>

3. Zilak, J.P. (2017 August). Supplement, the state of senior hunger in America in 2015. National Foundation to End Senior Hunger and Feeding America. Retrieved from https://www.nfesh.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/03/State_of_Senior_Hunger_2015-Supplement.pdf